

The Democratic Enquirer.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF VINTON COUNTY.



McARTHUR, OHIO:

Thursday, April 11, 1867.

"A union of hearts is a union of hands.
A union of hands, a union of minds,
The American Union Forever."

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor,

ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Franklin.

For Lieutenant Governor,

DANIEL S. UHL, of Holmes.

For Treasurer,

Dr. C. FULTON, of Crawford.

For Auditor,

JOHN McLEWEE, of Butler.

For Attorney General,

FRANK H. HURD, of Knox.

For Judge of Supreme Court,

Judge THOMAS M. KEY, of Hamilton.

For Controller of Treasury,

WILLIAM SHERIDAN, of Williams.

For Board of Public Works,

ARTHUR HUGHES, of Cuyahoga.

National Democratic Convention.

Thurman Hall,

Columbus, March 20, 1867.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee held to-day, the following resolutions were adopted:

1. Resolved, That in the opinion of this committee a Democratic Convention of delegates from all the States should be held this year, not later than the 4th day of July, and Louisville, Kentucky, is the most eligible place for holding the same, yet, in our opinion, May 7th is too early a day for the assembling thereof. Nevertheless, if the other States concur in that day and appoint delegates, our Executive Committee shall provide for the selection of delegates from Ohio.

2. Resolved, That the Chairman of this committee communicate the above resolution to the Central Committees of the several States, and to the Chairman of the National Committee.

JOHN G. THOMPSON, Chm.

C. J. BEAM, Secy.

Negro Suffrage in Ohio.

The resolution to amend the Constitution of Ohio by giving the RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE TO NEGROES IN THE STATE OF OHIO, has passed both branches of the Legislature—the Senate, on the 27th ult., by a vote of 23 to 11, and the House of Representatives, on the 6th inst., by a vote of 63 to 29.

The Radicals have now shown their hands, and it is now a straight issue before the people. The voters of Ohio will, at the next October Election, vote upon the approval or rejection of the Amendment to the Constitution.

No one will now attempt to deny that the Radicals are not in favor of Negroes voting!

We are anxious to see how many votes will be cast in Vinton County for the Amendment giving the Negroes the right of suffrage.

The Amendment will be found in this paper. We hope the voters will carefully read it.

VINTON COUNTY.—The election held in the several townships in Vinton county, so far as we can hear from, resulted favorably to the Democracy. A light vote was polled in many of the townships, but the Democracy held their own, and in some instances have gained increased majorities. In this (Elk) township the Democrats have gained on the enemy since the Spring election held one year ago. Be not discouraged! A good time is fast approaching!

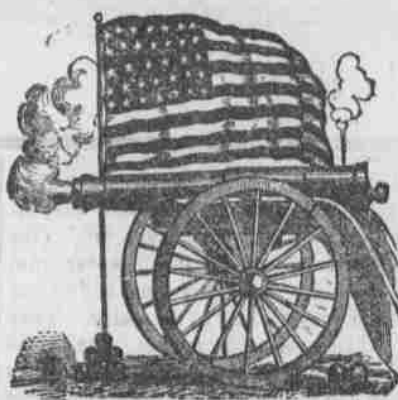
Congress.—Congress adjourned last Saturday week to meet again on the 3d of June next; provided that if no quorum be present at that time, then to stand adjourned to the date of the regular session. We hope now that the revolutionary Rump has adjourned and left Washington, that the people may rejoice and breathe easier.

ADVERTISE IN THE ENQUIRER.

Crow! Crow!!



ALL HAIL, CONNECTICUT!



"LET THE CANNON ROAR!!"

Connecticut Protests Against Revolutionary Radicalism!

Old Connecticut covered herself all over with glory on last Monday week, the 1st inst. James E. English is elected Governor by about 980 majority; and the entire State ticket and three of the four members of Congress are elected—a gain of three members!

Connecticut has spoken at last against the Revolutionary Radicalism of Congress! Let us rejoice! Russian tyranny has been wiped out of one of the New England States—a State adjoining horrible Massachusetts.

This is the first Governor that she has elected in sixteen years.

Connecticut deserves praise! The Radicals carried Connecticut last year by 571, and in 1865 by 10,000.

Election News.

The Democrats have carried Lafayette, Indiana.

The Radical State ticket has been elected in Rhode Island.

The election in Lancaster, Ohio, resulted in a glorious victory for the Democracy—Gain of 50.

The Democratic ticket in Sandusky City, was elected by majorities from 59 to 322—a gain!

The Democratic ticket was elected in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, by 1,500.

The Democrats have carried the charter election in Madison, Wisconsin, by 250 majority.

The Democrats have carried St. Paul, Minnesota, by 1,000.

St. Louis has elected a Mayor by a small majority.

The Democrats of Chillicothe done gloriously—the ticket being elected by large majorities.

Newark elected the Democratic ticket, making a gain, since last fall, of 500.

The Democratic ticket in Zanesville was triumphantly elected.

The Radicals were defeated in Fremont, Ohio.

The Democrats were victorious at Bucyrus, Ohio.

Cleveland, Ohio, elects a Democratic Mayor.

The Democrats of Omaha, Nebraska, recently achieved a glorious victory—making a gain of 400.

The Democratic majority in Columbus is greater than it was two years ago.

JACKSON.—The Democrats (or rebels as they have been called for the past six years) of Jackson, elected part of their Corporation and Township tickets on the 1st inst. We are pleased to learn that our friend and "fellow type," Charley W. Adams, who was employed in this office for a few weeks, is elected Recorder.—Three cheers for Charley!

SOME writer for the Zaleski Echo, in speaking of the navigation of Raccoon Creek, says:

"Our little river could be easily 'improved' in such way as to render it useful for navigation as well as for general drainage. By clearing out the channel, and putting in a couple of dams and locks, Raccoon could be made boatable for ten or fifteen miles—say, from above Tommy Reynolds' around to the 'Brewer' place. Lumber, mineral, staves, logs, bark, &c., could then be brought from the country north of us, and landed in front of our town at small cost for transportation. Will not some one who has time and taste for the inquiry look into this question?"

That would be an excellent improvement. The writer suggests that "the next block of buildings, erected by the Zaleski Co., be christened Procyon Place or Procyon Terrace, in honor of Raccoon." We think that they had better build that "seven thousand dollar" Union School House before they do anything "in honor of Raccoon," because the children who are growing up in ignorance, in that village, deserve more honors than Raccoon. Honor thy children!

The qualified voters of the Independent School District of Zaleski, held an election on last Saturday week, the 30th ult., to decide whether a tax of seven thousand dollars should be levied upon the taxable property of the district for the purchase of a site and for building a Union School House. The seven thousand dollar question, as we are informed, was very bitterly contested on both sides, but the result of the quarreling, speech making, calling names, swearing, abusing the English, etc., was thirteen majority for the tax. We think it would be a capital idea for our Zaleski neighbors to learn to treat each other with a little more decency and respect before they cry out any louder for the removal of the County Seat from this town to Zaleski. The communication which they have caused to be Echoed throughout the New and the Old World may lead people to think that there is something lacking among them. Those who opposed the tax will probably oppose the removal of the seat of Justice to that village. We hope, now the tax question is settled, that a good School House will be built. It is badly needed.

"Honor to Whom Honor is Due."

Another Fresh and Fashionable supply of Goods have just been received at DAN WILK & BAN'S, which were carefully selected in the Eastern market expressly for this market; and which they will sell at lower figures than can be bought at any House in Vinton County—in fact, they sell a superior quality of Goods cheaper than other Houses sell an inferior quality. Their long experience in the Dry and Fancy Goods business, and one of the firm being often in the Eastern Market—they have superior facilities for buying Goods very low; and are consequently enabled to offer such inducements to the public as will defy all competition. Their assortment is complete. Give them a call before going elsewhere. No trouble to show Goods.

REPORT OF THE McARTHUR UNION SCHOOLS.

We beg leave to submit the following general report of the McArthur Union Schools for the six months last past:

Number pupils High School	38
do do Grammar do	60
do do Inter do	87
do do 2d Prim'y do	55
do do 1st do do	94
Gross enrollment	334
Average weekly enrollment	249
do daily attendance	208
do per cent	80
do punctuality	80
do absence	35
do tardiness	34
Number Examinations	212
Average per cent. of deportment	70
Visits by parents and others	89
Pupils not once tardy	57
Pupils who have not missed one day	45

It will be seen by reference to the above figures, that the daily attendance in all the schools, is not what it ought to be. There is too much neglect on the part of the parents in respect to the regular attendance of their children at the schools; and the blame must not altogether rest with them, but with all parties concerned. Absence, and tardiness as well, is calculated to lower effectually, the standing of a pupil in all his classes. And it will be a time fraught with general good to all, when the patrons of our schools so view it, and use every means laudable, in their power, stringent if necessary, to suppress this evil. We can do much to preserve order, insure obedience, and prevent crime, by engaging heartily in this work. One efficient way of encouraging the teacher, and those taught, is "not to forget to visit" your schools often. Don't entertain fears that you will disturb either teacher or pupils by so doing, such is not the case. On the contrary, nothing is more cheering to the pupils, and edifying to the true teacher than the frequent and kind visits of friends. If we neglect to visit the school room to satisfy our minds, as to whether the schools are being properly conducted, surely they will soon come to naught. Our school system is most excellent in its proper and complete application, for the instruction of all the children, rich and poor alike. If the time shall come when our educational interest is overtaken and subdued by other affairs, we may well despair of the benefit intended by our common schools.—The genius of education is of that peculiar nature, that it must have careful and constant watching to carry it forward to an advanced stage of development; and we may not hope to reap the real benefits which it is, if properly managed, calculated to confer, without we foster the principles by which so desirable an end may alone be secured.

Respectfully submitted,
M. R. BARNES, Sup't.

MR. WILLIAM ROSE, of this county, who, 59 years since acted as mail carrier between Marietta and this place, was in town on Tuesday. Advanced in years he was an active man until a few weeks since he received an injury from a kicking horse, from which he is not yet recovered.—[Athens Messenger.]

Ask your neighbor to subscribe for the ENQUIRER.

KILLED.—On Thursday last, the 4th inst., a man named John D. Harkins was riding a horse along the Railroad, near McArthur Station, when his horse became frightened at a train and threw him with such force upon the Railroad track as to cause his death in four or five hours. Harkins was a laborer, and was in the employ of J. C. Garrett, at Five Mile Furnace, Hocking county. We learn that the deceased leaves a wife and six or seven children.

We are informed that a number of boys who assembled at a "Grocery" at or near Vinton Furnace, last Sunday, probably for the purpose of "liquoring" and having a good time generally, got into a quarrel, when Jacob Dunkle, Jr., shot one of the boys in the thigh, severely wounding him.

PROCEEDINGS IN COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—This Court adjourned on Wednesday afternoon, April 3d, until Monday, April 8. Continued on Monday, April 8, and adjourned until Monday, April 22.

Hon. John P. Pyley, Judge.
George Lantz, Clerk; James Malone, Deputy Clerk.

Archibald Mayo, Prosecuting Attorney.
John J. Shookery, Sheriff; A. L. Hunter, Deputy Sheriff.

The Court will adjourn this week until April 22, 1867—a number of cases having been continued until that time.

Morris Albaugh et al., Commissioners of Vinton County, vs. Nelson Richmond et al., Settled.

State vs. Thomas Dearth. Nolle entered.

State vs. Robert Sage. Nolle entered.

State vs. D. C. Frazee. Nolle entered.

D. M. Collins and Ann E. Collins, his wife, vs. D. M. Collins. Settled.

David Lantz et al., ex parte. Dismissed at cost of Petitioners.

Abraham Wilbur vs. James Lantz S. V. Dodge, Robert E. Phillips, and John Lord.

Daniel & Rathbone vs. The Iron Valley Furnace Co. et al. The lands of said Furnace Co. being sold, the sale was confirmed.

Thomas E. Cox vs. The Cincinnati Furnace Co. Settled and costs paid.

Alex. Lewis vs. The Marietta & Cincinnati R. R. Co. (as re-organized).—Settled and costs paid by Defendant.

Jesse Francis vs. Moses Dille. Settled and costs paid by Defendant.

State vs. James McFarlan. Three cases. Nolle entered in each case.

Wm. Buttenshaw vs. W. P. Lilly.—Dismissed.

Emerson McMillen vs. Electa McMillen. Suit for divorce. Divorce granted.

Samuel Carter vs. Robert Carter et al. In partition. Sale of land confirmed.

Sidney Jane Stephenson vs. James Warner. Breach of promise. Judgment for plaintiff for \$230. Second trial demanded; allowed.

Same vs. Same, Bastardy. Defendant plead guilty. Ordered the Defendant to give bond for the maintenance of the child.

Clarissa Dowd vs. E. E. Dowd. Sale of land having been made, the proceedings and sale was confirmed and deed made to Patrick Kelly, purchaser of the lands.

A. A. Cozzene and S. V. Dodge, late partners &c., vs. Agrippa Wells. In error. So much of judgment of the Justice of Peace as affects Cozzene was ordered confirmed.

DEMOCRATIC PYRAMID

The Spring Fashions.

TROY,
ROME,
UTICA,
ST. PAUL,
ST. JOSEPH,
CLEVELAND,
MADISON,
MILWAUKEE,
HARTFORD,
NEW HAVEN,
SYRACUSE,
ROCHESTER,
SCHENECTADY,
CONNECTICUT.

A TERRIBLE and fatal accident occurred on the D. & M. road, Tippecanoe, about seven o'clock yesterday morning, says the Dayton Journal. A young man named Parker Simmons, while engaged in roping in cars for the way train, slipped down, and before he could get out of the way the wheels of one of the cars passed over his legs, crushing the bones into fragments. Parker was guiding the switch rope, at the moment the calamity occurred, when he stumbled and fell, and the car wheels caught his legs before he could get out of the way, and they were horribly crushed. A dispatch received last night gives the sad information that Simmons died at six o'clock P. M. He leaves a young wife and a child. He had been engaged on the road for more than two years, and was greatly esteemed by all who knew him.

THE midnight meetings for the reclamation of fallen women have been in operation in London for five years with the following result: Five hundred and eighty-three women were restored to parents and friends, one thousand eight hundred were placed in service, sixty-eight married, five reconciled to their husbands, four hundred were assisted to obtain employment, four emigrated, four were sent home to the Continent, two were established in business, four hundred and seventy-two left or were dismissed, and two hundred and fifty were sent to the hospitals.

INJUNCTION AGAINST THE MILITARY RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

—We understand that application will shortly be made to the United States Supreme Court, in the names of the States of Mississippi and Alabama, and such other States as may become parties to the cause, to enjoin all proceedings to subject the people of those States to military rule under the recent act of Congress, because it will inflict irreparable injury on said people, and for other reasons. The case will be conducted, it is said, by Judge Sharkey, of Mississippi, and Charles O'Connor, Esq., of New York. The Jackson Mississippiian says that Governor Humphreys has given the requisite authority on the part of the State of Mississippi. The Supreme Court will resume its session to-day.—[Baltimore Sun, April 1.]

TO SCHOOLMASTERS.—To be so'd, a thrashing machine in good working order; has birch, cane and strap barrels; warranted to whip a school of fifty boys in twenty minutes, distinguishing their offences into literary, moral and impertinent. Only paroled with because the owner has flogged all his school away, and his sons are too big to beat.

TOO MUCH OF A GOOD THING.—Failing to get power to appoint Revenue officers, Mr. Salmon P. Chase contrived to get into his rapacious hands the selection of Registers under the Bankrupt law.—He expected thereby to have the use of a full set of tools for nomination purposes in 1868. But "the schemes of mice and men gang aft a-gley." The beggars were at his gate the next morning after the passage of the bill, a "multitude whom no man could number," and the villainous demagogue at once saw his mistake. He could not appoint more than one out of every forty of the applicants; and to make one friend and thirty-nine opponents was a thing not on his slate. So he begs the Rump to bestow this coveted power on some one else.

As a negro regiment was passing through Richmond, last week, a number of "de sokers," proceed, a la Butler, upon everything portable within their reach. One of them snatched an elegant gold watch from a Doctor, and was highly disgusted when it was taken from him and returned to the owner. A number of them were put under arrest for robbery, but if Sumner's ethics are worth anything, their offence is worthy of the mild term—confiscation, which is no crime as things now run.

SINCE the National Capitol has fell into the hands of negroes and white loyalists, life and morals are retained at a great risk, even on Pennsylvania Avenue. As an instance we take the following from the associated press news a few days ago. "The body of the man found on Pennsylvania Avenue on Saturday morning, with a pistol shot in the head had been viewed by hundreds of people without identification or solving the mystery of his death. A strip of muslin on the coat collar of the deceased, is marked '460, Henry Bitts,' and the garment itself bears a manufacturer's name in Chicago.

IRON MATTERS.—Prices rule firm at quotations: Mill iron, \$46 to 48; foundry, \$47 to 49; cold blast, \$60. Messrs. Gaylord & Co. have shipped over one hundred tons of bar and sheet iron, during the past week.

The reality of Gallia furnace was sold at \$41,000, since our last report.

We are informed that a new furnace is to be erected at Portland, in Jackson county, as parties have secured the site for the same. The town is assuming city prices for real estate. The ore is abundant there, and the Jackson coal mines will furnish material for smelting.—[Portsmouth Republican.]

A MOST remarkable accident happened on Monday last, to one of the horses of an express team, belonging to Fidler's stables. As the team was being driven to the depot about train-time, one of the horses fell and broke one of his hind legs. He was not long suffered to remain in this agonizing condition, but was shot as soon as the implement to do the work could be procured. He was a valuable animal, and a severe loss to his owner.—[Chillicothe Gazette.]

THE newspaper organs of the Mongrel party now talk, without a blush upon their African visages, of "the strength of a military Republic." Poor, silly asses! why do you not say DESPOTIC LIBERTY or TYRANNIC FREEDOM? Who but a fool talks of a MILITARY REPUBLIC?

It will give some idea of the enormous taxes levied by the United States Government to state that the single town of Danville, Virginia, pays, we understand, a tax of three millions of dollars on the manufacture of tobacco—the tax being forty cents per pound.

A BASS singer with a bad voice was corrected by the leader of a choir, who said to him, "Sir, you are murdering the music." "Well," was the reply, "it is better to murder it outright than to keep on beating it as you do."

Widows of soldiers now get \$2 per month for each child under 16, provided they procure new Certificates from the Pension Office.

THE AMERICAN FARMER

FOR 1867.
The practical Farmer's own paper. The cheapest and best Agricultural and Horticultural journal in America. Illustrated with numerous engravings of Farm Buildings, Animals, Implements, Fruits, Flowers, &c. Only one dollar a year. Agents wanted in every village, town, county and State, to form clubs, to whom transient Passures are offered. For full particulars of which, send for a specimen copy. Now is the time to subscribe. Send up your name and the name of your friends. Address, Publisher and Proprietor, Rochester, New York.

PROSPECTUS

THE CRISIS,

For 1867.

The Seventh Volume and the Seventh Year of the publication of THE CRISIS is about to begin, and, in accordance with custom, we issue our Annual Prospectus. We need not recapitulate its history during the stormy years of its existence, nor remind those who have read it, of its services in behalf of the great principles of the Democracy, and what its conductors conceived, and what time has shown, to be the best interests of the country. Its merits have been acknowledged from the time it was started by that veteran and distinguished journalist, Gov. MENARD, and its present conductors simply claim for it the credit of an earnest and undeviating adherence to the plan and principles of its founder. In all the political vicissitudes of the past six years—the failure of some, the apostasy of others, and the unguarded weakness of many, exponents of Democracy, THE CRISIS has never deviated from the straight path of principle, not been allured by temporary expedients, intimidated by threats, nor disheartened by defeat and disaster.

On the score of principle we claim for it the merit of fidelity, honesty, and consistency. As a newspaper we claim for it the merit of being an exponent of Western interests and ideas, a reliable journal of the times, a valuable companion of the farmer, the mechanic, the business man, and the family circle. It is our aim to fill the large sheet with matter of real interest and permanent value—to discuss questions of principle that are of real significance, to inform, improve, and instruct, as well as amuse—and to this end we discard the idle twaddle which goes so far to fill up the daily papers, the obscene advertisements, and the sensational folly of the day. We could publish hundreds of letters from the best men of the country approving of the course of THE CRISIS in this respect, and to this course we propose to rigidly adhere. The reliable market reports and the great amount of statistical, agricultural, financial, and political information we publish, is of importance and value to business men, farmers, mechanics, and politicians; while the carefully selected page of literary miscellany which each number contains, commands it to the home circle of all.

The political views of THE CRISIS scarcely require definition. It is in favor of Democratic principles in all their breadth and purity, as expounded by THOMAS JEFFERSON, and the other really great men and founders of the Government, and upon which the Government was successfully conducted for seventy years. It is opposed to the Abolition despotism which now controls the Federal Government, in all its shapes and under whatever device it may appear. It is opposed to the entire Abolition theory of politics, and all the monstrous humbug, and delusions which grow out of it. It is opposed to the thieving scoundrel, the tyrannical assumptions, the stupid and barbarous policies and the lawless usurpations of Congress, and to all the machinery that the Jacobins have devised and put in operation to overthrow Republican Government, inaugurate anarchy and absolutism, enslave the people, and oppress them with odious taxes, and tyrannical, insane, and corrupt legislation. And in advocating the correct principles and opposing the evils we have named, we shall continue to do it without fear or favor.

In order to successfully conduct such a paper as THE CRISIS, it must have a large list of subscribers; and to secure that we rely upon our friends and those who have taken the paper. We cannot compete with the cheap, shoddy publications of the East by offering bogus premiums or employing traveling agents; but we earnestly solicit the aid of our readers in extending our circulation by their personal efforts. It will require but little exertion from each, but the aggregate will enable us to furnish them with a paper fully equal in size, superior in print to any Eastern publication, and of a great deal more interest and importance to Western Democrats. Friends, shall we call upon you in vain, for the small favor we ask, and in a cause of such magnitude and value? Now is the time to send in subscriptions for the new volume, which, at the end of the year, will be worth three times the amount of the subscription price.

Our terms are \$3.00 per year, \$1.50 for six months, \$1.00 for four months. One extra copy will be sent to any one getting up a club of six yearly subscribers; and to any one sending a club of ten for six or four months an extra copy for the club time.

For a club of ten yearly subscribers a copy of either of the five bound volumes—('61, '62, '63, '64 or '65).

For a club of thirty yearly subscribers, a complete set of the volumes of THE CRISIS for six years.

Address, WILLIAM TREVITT, Publisher and Proprietor, Columbus, 1867.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

UNIVERSALLY acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America, devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture, and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions), Instructions on Health, Gymnastics, Equestrian Exercises, Skating, Music, Amusements, etc.; all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly.

Single copies, 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free—Yearly, \$3; with a valuable premium; two copies, \$5.50; three copies, \$7.50; five copies, \$12; and splendid premiums for clubs at \$3 each, with the first premium to each subscriber.

Address, W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, No. 473 Broadway, New York. Demorest's Monthly and Young America together, \$4, with the premium to each.

Notice.

Edward D. Dodge, Adm'r of Estate of James Dodge, deceased, vs. Samuel V. Dodge, James Hurst, Charles E. Hurst, and Edward D. Dodge, Defendants. In Vinton County Probate Court, State of Ohio. THE defendants will take notice that Edward D. Dodge, Administrator of the estate of James Dodge, deceased, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1867, filed his petition in said Court, alleging that the personal estate of said deceased is insufficient to pay his debts, and the charges of administering his estate; that he died seized of the following Real Estate, situate in said county and State, to-wit: In-Lot Number Fifty-two (No. 52), and South half of In-Lot Number Thirty-three (No. 33), as numbered and designated on the Recorded Plat of the Town of McArthur, in said county and State. The prayer of said petition is for a sale of said premises, and the payment of the debts and charges aforesaid. Said petition will be for hearing on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1867, or as soon thereafter as leave can be obtained. EDWARD D. DODGE, Adm'r of Estate of James Dodge, deceased. Joseph J. McDowell, Att'y.